

Tiamulin in grams per ton	Combination in grams per ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 10	For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency.	Feed continuously as the sole ration.	000010
(ii) 35	1. For control of swine dysentery associated with <i>Brachyspira</i> (formerly <i>Serpulina</i> or <i>Treponema</i>) <i>hyodysenteriae</i> susceptible to tiamulin.	Feed continuously as sole ration on premises with a history of swine dysentery but where signs of disease have not yet occurred or following approved treatment of disease. Withdraw 2 days before slaughter.	000010
.....	2. For control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) associated with <i>Lawsonia intracellularis</i> .	Feed continuously as the sole ration for not less than 10 days. Withdraw 2 days before slaughter.	000010
(iii) 35	Chlortetracycline, approximately 400 (varying with body weight and feed consumption to provide 10 milligrams of chlortetracycline per pound of body weight daily).	For treatment of swine bacterial enteritis caused by <i>Escherichia coli</i> and <i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i> and bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline, and control of swine dysentery associated with <i>Brachyspira</i> (formerly <i>Serpulina</i> or <i>Treponema</i>) <i>hyodysenteriae</i> susceptible to tiamulin.	Feed continuously as sole ration for 14 days. Use as only source of chlortetracycline. Withdraw 2 days before slaughter.	000010
(iv) 200	For treatment of swine dysentery associated with <i>Brachyspira</i> (formerly <i>Serpulina</i> or <i>Treponema</i>) <i>hyodysenteriae</i> susceptible to tiamulin.	As chlortetracycline calcium complex, Type A medicated articles containing the equivalent of 50 to 100 grams per pound of chlortetracycline hydrochloride provided by 046573 and 053389 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter. Feed continuously as the sole feed for 14 consecutive days. Withdraw feed 7 days before slaughter.	000010

(2) [Reserved]

[67 FR 7268, Feb. 19, 2002]

§ 558.615 Thiabendazole.

(a) *Approvals.* Dry Type A medicated articles: 22, 44.1, 66.1, and 88.2 percent to 050604 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter. The 66.1 percent Type A is solely for the manufacture of cane molasses liquid Type B feed which is mixed in dry feeds. The 88.2 percent Type A is used solely for the manufacture of an aqueous slurry for adding to a Type C dry cattle feed.

(b) *Special considerations.* Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.

(c) *Related tolerances.* See § 556.730 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use.* It is used in feed for animals as follows:

(1) *Cattle*—(i) *Amount.* 3 grams per 100 lb. body weight.

(a) *Indications for use.* Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (*Trichostrongylus* spp.,

Haemonchus spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Oesophagostomum radiatum*).

(b) *Limitations.* Use 3 grams per 100 lb. body weight at a single dose; may repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks; do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(ii) *Amount.* 5 grams per 100 lb. body weight.

(a) *Indications for use.* Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (*Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Oesophagostomum radiatum*); control of infections of *Cooperia* spp.

(b) *Limitations.* 5 grams per 100 lb. body weight at a single dose or divided into 3 equal doses, administered 1 dose each day, on succeeding days; may repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks; do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter;

milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(2) *Goats*—(i) *Amount*. 3 grams per 100 lb. body weight.

(ii) *Indications for use*. Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (*Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Cooperia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Strongyloides* spp., *Chabertia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.).

(iii) *Limitations*. 3 grams per 100 lb. body weight at a single dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(3) *Sheep and goats*—(i) *Amount*. 2 grams per 100 lb. body weight.

(ii) *Indications for use*. Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (*Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Cooperia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Strongyloides* spp., *Chabertia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.); also active against ova and larvae passed by sheep from 3 hours to 3 days after the feed is consumed (good activity against ova and larvae of *T. colubriformis* and *axei*, *Ostertagia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Strongyloides* spp.; less effective against those of *Haemonchus contortus* and *Oesophagostomum* spp.).

(iii) *Limitations*. Use 2 grams per 100 lb. body weight at a single dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(4) *For swine*—(i) *Amount*. 45.4–908 grams per ton (0.005–0.1 percent).

(ii) *Indications for use*. Aid in the prevention of infections of large roundworms (genus *Ascaris*).

(iii) *Limitations*. Administer continuously feed containing 0.05–0.1 percent thiabendazole per ton for 2 weeks followed by feed containing 0.005–0.02 percent thiabendazole per ton for 8–14 weeks; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter.

(5) *Pheasants*—(i) *Amount*. 454 grams per ton (0.05 percent) continuously for 2 weeks (14 days).

(ii) *Indications for use*. For the treatment of gapeworms (*Syngamus trachea*) in pheasants.

(iii) *Limitations*. Do not use treated pheasants for food for 21 days after last day of treatment. Fertility, hatchability, and other reproductive data are not available on use in breeding animals.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 47 FR 49641, Nov. 2, 1982; 49 FR 29958, July 25, 1984; 51 FR 7400, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2686, Jan. 26, 1987; 62 FR 63271, Nov. 28, 1997]

§558.618 Tilmicosin.

(a) *Approvals*. Type A medicated articles: 90.7 grams of tilmicosin (as tilmicosin phosphate) per pound (200 grams per kilogram) to 000986 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) *Special considerations*. Do not use in any feed containing bentonite.

(c) *Related tolerances*. See §556.735 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use*. It is used in swine feed as follows:

(1) *Amount per ton*. 181 grams to 363 grams tilmicosin.

(2) *Indications for use*. For the control of swine respiratory disease associated with *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae* and *Pasteurella multocida*.

(3) *Limitations*. For use in swine feed only. The safety of tilmicosin has not been established in pregnant swine or swine intended for breeding purposes. Do not allow horses or other equine access to feeds containing tilmicosin. Feed continuously as the sole ration for 21-day period, beginning approximately 7 days before an expected disease outbreak. Withdraw 7 days before slaughter. Federal law restricts this drug to use under the professional supervision of a licensed veterinarian. Any animal feed bearing or containing this drug shall be fed to animals only by or upon a lawful veterinary feed directive (VFD) issued by a licensed veterinarian in the course of the veterinarian's professional practice. VFD's for tilmicosin phosphate shall not be refilled.

[61 FR 68148, Dec. 27, 1996; 62 FR 15391, Apr. 1, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 13679, Mar. 22, 1999; 65 FR 76930, Dec. 8, 2000]